

Chem 309

Problem Set Two

Due Friday, September 10<sup>th</sup> at end of class

Discussion: D1C.1, D1C.3

Exercises: E1C.3(a), E1C.4(b), E1C.5(b), E1C.9(a),

Problems: P1C.10, P1C.14, P1C.16, P1C.18

**Practice Problems on Partial Derivatives**

1. Calculate  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}\right)_y$  and  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}\right)_x$  for the following functions  $z$ .

a)  $z = x^2y$

b)  $z = 3e^{xy^3}$

c)  $z = \ln(x^3y^5 - 2)$

d)  $z = e^y \tan(x)$

2) Calculate  $\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)_{y,z}$ ,  $\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)_{x,z}$ ,  $\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial z}\right)_{x,y}$ .

a)  $w = \sqrt{x + y + z}$

b)  $w = 3e^{xy^3}$

c)  $w = e^{x+2y+3z}$

3) For a), b), and c) in problem 2, use the inverter to calculate  $\left(\frac{\partial x}{\partial w}\right)_{y,z}$ .

4) Calculate the four second partial derivatives and show that the two mixed partials are equal.

a)  $f(x, y) = x^2y$

b)  $w = 3e^{xy^3}$

c)  $f(x, y) = \sin(x^2 + y^3)$

d)  $f(x, y) = \ln(x^3y^5 - 2)$

5) Use the chain rule to calculate  $\frac{dz}{dt}$ .

a)  $z = xy$ ;  $x = e^{t^2}$ ;  $y = e^{3t}$

b)  $z = x^2 + y^2$ ;  $x = \cos t$ ;  $y = \sin t$

6) Use the chain rule to calculate the indicated partial derivatives.

a)  $z = \frac{y}{x}$ ,  $x = e^r$ ,  $y = e^s$ ;  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial r}\right)_s$ ,  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}\right)_r$

b)  $z = \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ ,  $x = \frac{r}{s}$ ,  $y = \frac{s}{r}$ ;  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial r}\right)_s$ ,  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}\right)_r$

c)  $z = e^{x+y}$ ,  $x = \ln(rs)$ ,  $y = \ln\left(\frac{r}{s}\right)$ ;  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial r}\right)_s$ ,  $\left(\frac{\partial z}{\partial s}\right)_r$